1982 S.C. Op. Atty. Gen. 11 (S.C.A.G.), 1982 S.C. Op. Atty. Gen. No. 82-8, 1982 WL 154978

Office of the Attorney General

State of South Carolina Opinion No. 82-8 March 2, 1982

\*1 Honorable Richard W. Riley Governor of South Carolina Post Office Box 11450 Columbia, South Carolina 29211

## Dear Governor Riley:

Mr. McLeod has referred the recent letter from your Office to me for reply. You have informed us that a member of the Board of Engineering Examiners was found guilty of contempt of court for jury tampering. You have inquired if this is a crime of moral turpitude.

The crime of contempt of court may or may not be a crime of moral turpitude. (October 16, 1979 Opinion of Mr. McLeod to Governor Riley.) However, in making a determination on whether or not an individual convicted for contempt of court was convicted of a crime of moral turpitude, it is necessary to look at the specific grounds for the conviction, i.e. jury tampering. Cf. In the Matter of Holman, 277 S.C. 293, 286 S.E.2d 148 (1982).

In 1940 the South Carolina Supreme Court in the case of <u>Smith v. Smith</u>, 194 S.C. 247, 9 S.E.2d 584 (1940), defined moral turpitude as

... an act of baseness, vileness, or depravity in the private and social duties that a man owes to his fellow man or to society in general, contrary to the accepted and customary rule of right and duty between man and man ...

See also <u>State v. Horton</u>, 271 S.C. 413, 248 S.E.2d 263 (1978). A decision on if a specific offense involves moral turpitude is not made by deciding if the offense is a felony or a misdemeanor or even a crime as an act may involve moral turpitude even if not a crime. 58 C.J.S. <u>Moral</u>, p. 1203. The decision is based on if the offense is '. . . immoral in itself, without reference to any legal prohibition.' 21 Am.Jur.2d <u>Criminal Law</u>, Section 24.

It is the opinion of this Office that jury tampering is a crime of moral turpitude. Therefore, a person convicted of contempt of court due to jury tampering would have been convicted of a crime of moral turpitude.

Sincerely,

Treva G. Ashworth Senior Assistant Attorney General

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